

## Chapter 7: Simplification (Order of Operations)

### Exercise 7A

1.  $28 - 3 \times 5 + 4 = 28 - 15 + 4 = 32 - 15 = 17$

2.  $42 - 18 \div 2 \times 3 = 42 - 9 \times 3 = 42 - 27 = 15$

3.  $15 - 3 \times 4 \div 2 - 2 = 15 - 3 \times 2 - 2 = 15 - 6 - 2 = 9 - 2 = 7$

4.  $36 \div 6 + 3 \times 2 = 6 + 6 = 12$

5.  $27 + 8 \div 4 = 27 + 2 = 29$

6.  $8 - 0 \div 5 = 8 - 0 = 8$

7.  $8 \times 8 - 6 \times 6 = 64 - 36 = 28$

8.  $5 \div 5 + 6 \times 6 = 1 + 36 = 37$

9.  $7 \times 4 - 12 \div 6 - 8 = 28 - 2 - 8 = 26 - 8 = 18$

10.  $25 \div 5 - 16 \div 8 = 5 - 2 = 3$

11.  $8 - 30 \div 6 + 7 = 8 - 5 + 7 = 3 + 7 = 10$

12.  $6 \times 5 - 60 \div 15 = 30 - 4 = 26$

13.  $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{7}{5} \div 1 \frac{17}{25} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{28}{25} \times \frac{25}{42} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3}{3} = 1$





$$14. \frac{3}{4} + \frac{4}{13} \div \frac{3}{52} - 6 = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{4}{13} \times \frac{52}{3} - 6 = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{16}{3} - 6 = \frac{3 \times 3 + 16 \times 4 - 6 \times 12}{12}$$

$$= \frac{9 + 64 - 72}{12} = \frac{73 - 72}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$15. \frac{6 + 9 \times 8}{5 - 8 \div 4} = \frac{6 + 72}{5 - 2} = \frac{78}{3} = 26$$

### Exercise 7B

- $(3 + 4) \times 5 = 7 \times 5 = 35$
- $(18 - 3) \div 5 = 15 \div 5 = 3$
- $9 \div (6 - 3) = 9 \div 3 = 3$
- $(12 \div 4) + 3 = 3 + 3 = 6$
- $(21 \div 3) \div 7 = 7 \div 7 = 1$
- $[7 + (18 \div 9)] + 3 = [7 + 2] + 3 = 9 + 3 = 12$
- $50 - [(25 \div 5) \times 7] = 50 - [5 \times 7] = 50 - 35 = 15$
- $16 \div [2 + (42 \div 7)] = 16 \div [2 + 6] = 16 \div 8 = 2$
- $[(60 \div 3) \times 5] \div (27 - 2) = [20 \times 5] \div 25 = 100 \div 25 = 4$
- $(5 + 1) \div 2 \times 4 + 7 = 6 \div 2 \times 4 + 7 = 3 \times 4 + 7 = 12 + 7 = 19$
- $[3 + (4 \times 5) \div 2 - 6] = [3 + 20 \div 2 - 6] = [3 + 10 - 6] = 7$
- $450 \div (18 \times 5) - 10 \div 2 = 450 \div 90 - 5 = 5 - 5 = 0$
- $\frac{1}{2}$  of  $\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times 0 \div \frac{1}{2} = 0 \div \frac{1}{2} = 0$
- $\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right) \div 1\frac{5}{6} \times 11 - 3\frac{1}{2} = \left(\frac{5}{6}\right) \div \frac{11}{6} \times 11 - \frac{7}{2} = \frac{5}{\cancel{6}} \times \frac{\cancel{6}}{11} \times 11 - \frac{7}{2} = 5 - \frac{7}{2} = \frac{10 - 7}{2} = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$
- $\frac{4}{5}$  of  $\left(\frac{4}{9} + \frac{2}{3}\right) \div 2\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{5}$  of  $\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) \div \frac{8}{3} = \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{10}{\cancel{9}} \times \frac{\cancel{3}}{8} = \frac{1}{3}$
- $\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \div 2\frac{1}{2} - \left(\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{7}{4}\right) \div 1\frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{4} \div \frac{5}{2} - \left(\frac{7}{12}\right) \div \frac{5}{4} = \frac{\cancel{5}^1}{4} \times \frac{2}{\cancel{5}} - \frac{7}{12} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{7}{15}$ 

$$= \frac{15 - 14}{30} = \frac{1}{30}$$
- $4\frac{1}{2} + 4\frac{2}{3} \div \left(5\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{9}{2} + \frac{14}{3} \div \left(\frac{11}{2} + \frac{13}{4}\right) = \frac{9}{2} + \frac{14}{3} \div \left(\frac{35}{4}\right) = \frac{9}{2} + \frac{14^2}{3} \times \frac{4}{35} = \frac{9}{2} + \frac{8}{15}$ 

$$= \frac{135 + 16}{30} = \frac{151}{30} = 5\frac{1}{30}$$
- $\frac{4}{9}$  of  $1\frac{1}{13} + 2\frac{1}{4} \div \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{52}\right) = \frac{4}{9}$  of  $\frac{14}{13} + \frac{9}{4} \div \left(\frac{13-1}{52}\right) = \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{14}{13} + \frac{9^3}{4} \times \frac{52}{12} = \frac{56}{117} + \frac{39}{4}$ 

$$= \frac{56 \times 4 + 39 \times 117}{468} = \frac{224 + 4563}{468} = \frac{4787}{468} = 10\frac{107}{468}$$



## Chapter Test

$$1. [2 + (12 \times 3 \div 9) - 6] \div 4 = \left[ 2 + \left( 12 \times \frac{1}{3} \right) - 6 \right] \div 4 = [2 + 4 - 6] \div 4 = [6 - 6] \times \frac{1}{4} = 0 \times \frac{1}{4} = 0$$

$$2. \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{7}{5} \text{ of } \frac{17}{5} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{7}{5} \times \frac{17}{5} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{357}{100} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{357 \times 3 - 100}{300} = \frac{1071 - 100}{300} = \frac{971}{300} = 3\frac{71}{300}$$

$$3. 5\frac{1}{7} - \left\{ 3\frac{1}{10} \div \left( 2\frac{4}{5} - \frac{7}{10} \right) \right\} = \frac{36}{7} - \left\{ \frac{31}{10} \div \left( \frac{14}{5} - \frac{7}{10} \right) \right\} = \frac{36}{7} - \left\{ \frac{31}{10} \div \left( \frac{28-7}{10} \right) \right\} = \frac{36}{7} - \left\{ \frac{31}{10} \div \frac{21}{10} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{36}{7} - \frac{31}{10} \times \frac{10}{21} = \frac{36 \times 3 - 31}{21} = \frac{108 - 31}{21} = \frac{77}{21} = \frac{11}{3} = 3\frac{2}{3}$$

$$4. (b) (10 \times 12 - 14 \div 2 + 15 = 120 - 7 + 15 = 135 - 7 = 128)$$

$$5. (c) \left[ 2 \div (3 + 5) \times 6 = 2 \div 8 \times 6 = \frac{2}{8} \times 6 = \frac{1}{4} \times 6 = \frac{6}{4} = 1\frac{1}{2} \right]$$

$$6. (b) \{ 6 - [ 6 - \{ 6 - (6 \div 3) \} ] \} = 6 - [ 6 - \{ 6 - 2 \} ] = 6 - [ 6 - 4 ] = 6 - 2 = 4$$

$$7. (b) \left\{ 1 + 1 \div \left( 1 + \frac{1}{3} \right) \right\} = 1 + 1 \div \frac{4}{3} = 1 + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$8. (a) \left( \frac{2}{3} \times 3 \div \left( \frac{5}{6} \div \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 1\frac{1}{4} \right) \right) = \frac{2}{3} \times 3 \div \left( \frac{5}{6} \div \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{5}{4} \right) = \frac{2}{3} \times 3 \div \left( \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{5}{4} \right) = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{1} = 2$$