

## 4. Diversity in India



## New Terms:

1. appreciating
2. essential
3. beliefs
4. embracing
5. inclusive
6. interlace
7. intricate
8. distinct
9. embroidery
10. revealing
11. dyeing
12. significance
13. occupation
14. entrepreneurs
15. terrain
16. cuisine
17. prevalent
18. infrastructure
19. accessibility
20. intertwined

F answer these questions.

Q.1. What do you understand by cultural diversity?

Ans:- Cultural diversity means having many different types of cultures in a country like India.

Q.2. Why should we appreciate cultural diversity?

Ans - When we appreciate this diversity, we learn to respect and accept each-other. It helps us make strong bond with people from different communities and understand their unique ways of living life.

Q.3. Are Kalamkari and Phulkari techniques the same? justify.

Ans → Kalamkari is a form of hand-painted or block-painted textile art. It involves drawing intricate designs using natural dyes and a pen-like tool called a 'kalam'. This fabric is popular in Andhra Pradesh and Telangana.

Phulkari is a traditional embroidery technique from Punjab, where floral patterns are inter-

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intricately embroidered onto fabric. Here, both are different.

Q-4 How is India's cultural diversity reflected in its cuisine and handicrafts?

Ans:- \* We have different types of cuisines popular in different parts of India.  
For ex. 1. Makki di roti and Saeson ka saag in Punjab.

II) Papaya khar in Assam ;  
III) Appam in Kerala.

\* Different types of handicrafts are popular in different regions of India.

For ex - Chikankari from Lucknow.  
Kantha - from West Bengal,  
Phulkari from Punjab.

Q-5. How does terrain and climate affect diversity in India?

Ans:- Different types of terrain have different types of soil and hence various crops. Rice is generally grown in plains, whereas terrace farming is prevalent in hilly regions.