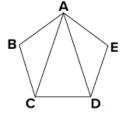
SHREE VASISHTHA VIDHYALAYA Maths Worksheet 2024-25		
Name :		Std.:- V
Roll No. :	Worksheet No.PA-2 (2)	Date :
	Chapter. – 10 : Basics of Geometry	
Q-1) Choose the correct	option.	
1) Every line segment	has endpoints.	
a) 3	b) 2	c) 1
2) A is a straig other direction .	ht path that has one starting point and	d goes on endlessly in the
a) ray	b) line	c)line segment
3) An angle whose me	asure lies between 180° and 360° is	called angle.
a) acute	b) obtuse	c) reflex
4) We can name an ang	le in ways .	
a) 3	b) 2	c) 1
5) Two lines that nev	er intersect are called	
	es b) parallel lines.	c) intersecting lines
6) An obtuse angle is		
	b) exactly 90° c) grea	ter than 90° but less than 180°
Q-2) Fill in the blanks.		
1) A part of a line is ca	alled a	
2) The two rays are ca	lled the of the angle	2.
3) When two intersect	ing lines meet to form right angles the	hey are called lines.
4) The instrument for	measuring angles is called	·
Q-3) True or False :		
1) The tip of your pene	cil is an example of point .	
2) An exact location in	n space is called a point .	
3) One complete turn	s 1 right angle.	
4) The length of a line	cannot be measured .	

Q-4) Do as directed.

1) Use the protractor to draw angle with following measures :

b) 90°	c) 115°
	b) 90°

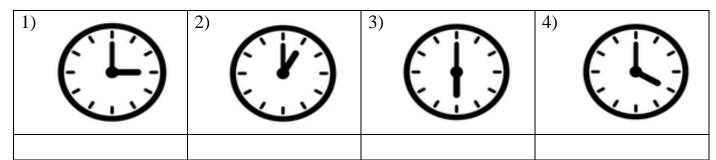
2) Count and name the line segments in the figure shown in this question.



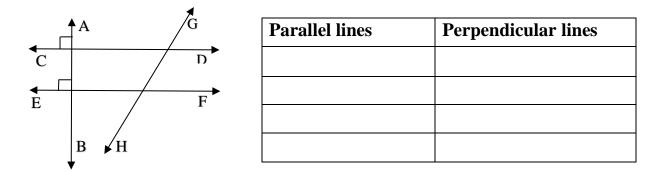
No. of line segments - -----

Name of segments - -----

3) What kind of angle is shown in each clock?



4) Write the pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines in the following figure .



5) Name the arms and vertex of each angle.

a) Arms _____ and _____ Vertex _____ b) Arms _____ and _____ Vertex _____

6) Use a protractor to measure each angle .

7) Draw and label the following figures .

- i. Line PQ
- ii. Ray AB