



SHREE VASISHTHA VIDHYALAYA

Maths Worksheet 2024-25



Name :- Answerkey

Std.:- IV -

Roll No. :- _____ Worksheet No. PA-2-01

Date :-

Ch-8 Measurement

Q-1. Choose the correct option.

- To convert a length given in metres into kilometres we, -----
 a) multiply by 100 b) divide by 100 c) divide by 1000 d) multiply by 10
- Which is the best unit to measure the length of notebook?
 a) Millimetre b) Centimetre c) Meter d) Kilometre
- How many 50 gram turmeric packets are required to make one Kilogram?
 a) 10 b) 20 c) 30 d) 5
- Which one of the following is wrong?
a) 160 cm = 1 m 6 cm b) 4 km 70 m = 4070 m
 c) 1600 ml = 1L 600ml d) 2009 g = 2 kg 9 g
- 1500 g = ----- kg ----- g
a) 1 kg 500 g b) 15 kg 00 g c) 150 kg 0 g d) None of these

Q-2. Fill in the blanks.

- 3890 mL = 3 L 890 mL
- 3005g = 3 kg 5 g
- 1 gram = 1000 mg
- 9 km 73 m = 9073 m
- 1 cm = $\frac{1}{100}$ m
- 10 mm = 1 cm
- 500g = $\frac{1}{2}$ kg
- 250g = $\frac{1}{4}$ kg

Q-3. Match the following.

(A)

- 15 kg
- 1 mL
- 5 g
- 23 kg 20 g
- 1 m
- 1500 mL

(B)

- 100 cm
- 1 L 500 mL
- 15000 g
- 1/1000 L
- 5000 mg
- 23020 g

Ans:-

- c
- d
- e
- f
- d
- b

Q-4. State whether following statements are true or false.

- | | |
|---|--------------|
| 1) The weight of a pen will be measured in kg. | <u>False</u> |
| 2) The distance between two cities is measured in meters. | <u>False</u> |
| 3) Capacity of a water bottle is 7000 ml. | <u>False</u> |
| 4) The standard unit of weight is grams and kilograms. | <u>True</u> |
| 5) 2 grams is equal to 2000 milligrams. | <u>True</u> |
| 6) Mili means one thousandths | <u>True</u> |

Q-5. Solve the following word problems.

- 1) Raju bought 7 litres of milk in the morning, 4 litres 40 millilitres at the noon and 3 litres 850 millilitres in the evening. How much milk did he buy during the whole day?

Milk bought in the morning	=	7	000
Milk bought at noon	=	4	040
Milk bought in the evening	=	+ 3	850
Milk he bought during the whole day	=	14	890

Ans. He bought 14 L 890 mL milk during the whole day.

- 2) There are 65 balls in a basket. Each ball has a mass of 110 g. The mass of the empty basket is 800 g. What is the total mass of the basket with 65 balls?

Total no. of balls = 65
 Mass of 1 ball = 110 g
 $\therefore$ Mass of 65 balls = $110 \text{ g} \times 65$

$$\begin{array}{r} 110 \\ \times 65 \\ \hline 0550 \\ + 6600 \\ \hline 7150 \end{array}$$

Mass of empty basket = 800 g
 The total mass of the basket with 65 balls = $7150 \text{ g} + 800 \text{ g}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7150 \\ + 800 \\ \hline 7950 \end{array}$$

Ans. The total mass of the basket with 65 balls is 7950 g.

- 3) Mr Rao weighs, 86 kg 350 g, Mrs Rao weighs 62 kg 830 g and their son weighs 54 kg 330 g.

a. What is the total sum of their weights?

b. How much more does Mrs. Rao weigh than her son?

a.
$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Kg} \quad \text{g} \\ \text{Weight of Mr. Rao} = 86 \quad 350 \\ \text{Weight of Mrs. Rao} = 62 \quad 830 \\ \text{Weight of son} = + 54 \quad 330 \\ \hline \text{Total weight} = 203 \quad 510 \end{array}$$

Ans. Total of their weights = 203 kg 510 g

b. Difference between Mrs. Rao and her son's weight

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Kg} \quad \text{g} \\ \text{Weight of Mrs. Rao} = 62 \quad 830 \\ \text{Weight of son} = - 54 \quad 330 \\ \hline \text{Difference} = 8 \quad 500 \end{array}$$

Ans. Mrs. Rao weighs 8 kg 500 g more than her son.

2-6. Do as directed.

1) Add: 81 m 75 cm and 35 m 3 cm.

m	cm
81	75
+ 35	03
116	78

Ans. 116 m 78 cm

2) Add: 605 L 98 mL and 256 L 902 mL.

L	mL
605	098
+ 256	902
862	000

Ans. 862 L 000 mL

3) Add: 113 kg 752 g and 786 kg 278 g 106 mg

kg	g	mg
113	752	000
+ 786	278	106
900	030	106

Ans. 900 kg 30 g 106 mg.

4) Subtract: 13 kg 786 g from 34 kg 599 g.

kg	g
34	599
- 13	786
20	813

Ans. 20 kg 813 g

5) Subtract: 511 L 435 mL from 818 L 9 mL

L	mL
818	009
- 511	435
306	574

Ans. 306 L 574 mL

6) Subtract: 126 m 85 cm 7 mm from 138 m 79 cm 6 mm

m	cm	mm
138	79	06
- 126	85	07
011	93	9

Ans. 11 m 93 cm 9 mm

1) Express in millilitres: a. 7L 275 mL b. 15L 126 mL

7L + 275 mL

1 L = 1000 mL

∴ 7 × 1000 mL + 275 mL

= 7000 mL + 275 mL

= 7275 mL

7000
+ 275
7275

15 L + 126 mL

1 L = 1000 mL

∴ 15 × 1000 mL + 126 mL

= 15000 mL + 126 mL

= 15126 mL

15000
+ 126
15126

2) Express in litres and milimetres:

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \leftarrow L \\ 1000 \overline{) 6897} \\ - 6000 \\ \hline 0897 \leftarrow mL \end{array}$$

a. 6897 mL.

$$mL \div 1000 \rightarrow L \quad \text{OR} \quad 1 mL = \frac{1}{1000} L$$

$$\therefore 6897 mL = 6897 \div 1000 L$$

$$= 6 L \ 897 mL$$

b. 1805 mL

$$mL \div 1000 \rightarrow L$$

$$\therefore 1805 mL = 1805 \div 1000 L$$

$$= 1 L \ 805 mL$$

3) Express in grams:

a. 4 kg

$$1 kg = 1000 g$$

$$\therefore 4 kg = 4 \times 1000 g$$

$$= 4000 g$$

b. 26 kg 563 g.

$$26 kg + 563 g$$

$$1 kg = 1000 g$$

$$\therefore 26 \times 1000 g + 563 g$$

$$= 26000 g + 563 g$$

$$= 26563 g$$

c. 7 kg 85 g.

$$7 kg + 85 g$$

$$1 kg = 1000 g$$

$$\therefore 7 \times 1000 g + 85 g$$

$$= 7000 g + 85 g$$

$$= 7085 g$$

4) Convert into centimetres:

a. 7 m.

$$1 m = 100 cm$$

$$\therefore 7 m = 7 \times 100 cm$$

$$= 700 cm$$

b. 87 m 21 cm

$$87 m + 21 cm$$

$$1 m = 100 cm$$

$$\therefore 87 \times 100 cm + 21 cm$$

$$= 8700 cm + 21 cm$$

$$= 8721 cm$$

5) Convert into centimetres and milimetres:

a. 245 mm.

$$mm \div 10 \rightarrow cm \quad \text{OR} \quad 1 mm = \frac{1}{10} cm$$

$$\therefore 245 \div 10 cm$$

$$= 24 cm \ 5 mm$$

b. 60 mm

$$1 mm = \frac{1}{10} cm$$

$$\therefore 60 mm = 60 \div 10 cm$$

$$= 6 cm$$

c. 217 mm

$$1 mm = \frac{1}{10} cm$$

$$\therefore 217 mm = 217 \div 10$$

$$= 21 cm \ 7 mm$$

6) Write the correct sign <, > or = in boxes:

a. 9008 g 2 kg.

b. 34 m 3400 cm.

c. 1045 mL 10 L

d. 10 mm 1 cm

e. 2050 g 2050 g

f. 222 cm 2 m 22 cm

Q-7. Circle the best estimate.

a. Weight of watermelon

300g

30g

5kg

b. The weight of textbook

10kg

10g

1kg

c. Amount of water in a raindrop

1mL

1L

10L

d. Amount of water in bucket

1L

20L

100L

e. Distance between Surat and Mumbai

279 km

500m

1000cm

f. Length of table

2m

5cm

10mm