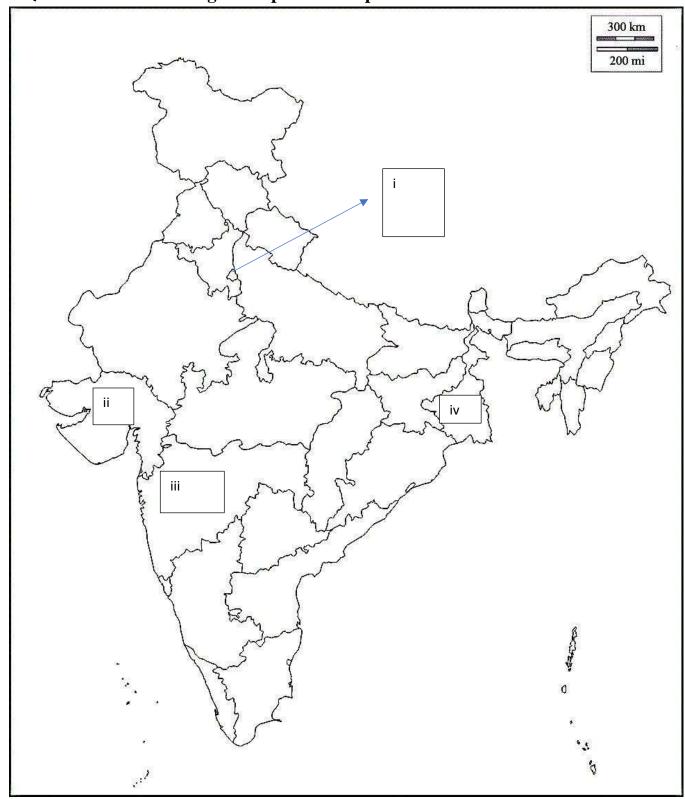
VASISHTHA GENESIS SCHOOL, BARDOLI (Academic Session: 2024-25)			
Date: Class: 4 Name:			
CH-14 Transport			
Q1. Fill in the blanks:			
iTRANSPORT can be defined as a system for carrying people or			
goods from one place to another.			
iiTRANSPORT plays a very important role in the economy of the country.			
iii. TheWHEEL was a remarkable invention that made			
transportation easy and convenient.			
iv. Name the three major means of transport _LAND_,AIR _ and WATER			
v. TheNH-19 is the oldest road in India. It was built bySHER SHAH SURI			
vi. In India the first train ran fromBORI BUNDERto _THANE_ in 1853.			
vii. Write the full form of MMTSMULTI MODAL TRANSPORT SYSYTEM			
viii. Crude oil and petroleum are carried by the TANKER ship.			
ix. The Indian mainland has a coastline of 5,423 km.			
x. TheGOLDEN QUADRILATERAL connects the four metropolitan cities.			
Q2. Identify the following pictures and name them below:			
i. Helicopter	ii.bulloc	k cart	

Q3. Locate the following in the political map of India.



- i. The Union Territory Indira Gandhi Airport.
- ii. The state with Chhatrapati Shivaji International Airport.
- iii. The state with Kempegowda International Airport.
- iv. State with Subhas Chandra Bose International Airport.

Q4. Answer the following questions:

i. State the difference between a goods train and a passenger train.

Ans: Goods Trains	Passenger Train
Goods Train carry manufactured	Passenger Train carry passengers from
products and raw materials from one	different parts of the country.
place to another.	Delhi, Chennai, Mumbai and Kol-kata have
	suburban train services They are called local
	trains.
They also connect ports to inner	India also has superfast trains like Rajdhani
towns of India and connect different	Express and Shatabdi Express, which run on
parts of the country	electricity

ii. List the advantages of having a large network of railways in India.

Ans: The following are the advantages of having a large network of railways:

- (i) Railways carry most of the country's goods.
- (ii) They are useful for long distance travel inside the country.
- (iii) They link all big cities with each other within a country.
- (iv) They connect ports and inner towns of the region.

iii. Write a short note on waterways in India.

Ans: Waterways are the cheapest means of transport, yet our waterways are not fully developed.

- Only some stretches of the Rivers Ganga, Yamuna and Brahmaputra are navigable All rivers in India are not navigable in all seasons.
- Kandla, Mumbai, Chennai, Vishakhapatnam and Kolkata are some important ports connecting India with the world through oceanic route.

iv. Why do you think that a smooth transport system is important for the progress of the country?

Ans: A smooth transport system is important for the progress of a country because:

- (i) It plays an important role in trade and commerce.
- (ii) It transports both raw materials and finished goods from one place to another.

(iii) It is the most convenient method of travelling long distances as it saves both time and energy.

v. Name any three international airports in India.

Ans: The three international airports of India are:

- i. Indira Gandhi International Airport in New Delhi,
- ii. Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj International Airport in Mumbai,
- iii. KempeGowda International Airport in Bengaluru.

vi. What are the advantages and disadvantages of road transport?

Ans: **Advantages**: Road transport is the most economical mode of transport for Short distances. Road transport is important because it offers door-to-door services.

Disadvantages: Due to congestion and narrow roads, road transport is subject to delays caused by high traffic which can lead to the destruction of perishable goods such as vegetables and flowers. Road transport is only suitable for short distances and for a limited amount of cargo.

vii. How have the means of transport changed with times? Explain briefly.

Ans: In the past, early humans mostly travelled by foot. After the wheel was invented, they were able to invent hand-pulled carts. After some more time had passed, they started using animals to pull carts. The wheel was a remarkable invention that made transportation easy and convenient.

In the 16th century, humans realised that steam could be used as a fuel. So, they used steam to propel trains and ships. Steam not only helped to travel longer distances but also helped vehicles to move fast. Nowadays, electrical vehicles are used.