

VASISHTHA GENESIS SCHOOL, BARDOLI

(Academic Session: 2026-27)

Date: _____ Class: 7 Div: _____ Roll No: _____ Sub: English
Name: _____ Term End – 1 Worksheet

GRAMMAR REVISION

Q1. Use the words in the bracket and complete the sentences with Adverbial clause.

- i. Bhanu walks to school _____ (fast/everyone/else/do)
- ii. She presented her topic _____ (as /planned)
- iii. We studied all night _____ (so /pass the exam)

Q2. Fill in the blank with infinitive form of verb given in the bracket:

- i. The little boy was afraid _____ into the river. (jump)
- ii. There are many stories _____ on this theme. (read)
- iii. I am sorry _____ about your loss. (hear)

Q3. Identify the Finite and Non-finite verb in the sentences:

- i. He tried to jump into the bus. *Finite verb* _____ *Non-finite verb* _____
- ii. The baby has learnt to crawl. *Finite verb* _____ *Non-finite verb* _____
- iii. Do you want to play the game? *Finite verb* _____ *Non-finite verb* _____

Q4. Combine these pair of sentences using Present Participles:

- i. They were playing chess. Mother found them.

- ii. The dog was playing with a ball. Karan noticed it.

- iii. The police were questioning him. The public watched him.

Q5. Complete the sentences using Past Participles from the options given below:

- i. Our team was badly _____ in the match. (beat/beaten/beating)
- ii. The concert hall was _____ with the flowers. (decorated/decorate/decorating)
- iii. It was the most _____ song of the year. (playing/played/plays)

Q6. Complete the sentences using Present Participles from the options given below:

- i. _____ along the road we saw a black and white cat. (walks/walked/walking)
- ii. We found Shankar _____ to his sister. (talking/talked/talk)
- iii. Not _____ the city, I faced many problems in Agra. (know/known/known)

Q7. Identify the Noun Phrase in the sentences:

- i. Divya and Kavya are my cousins.
- ii. Nina helped her sister in finding the missing piece of her chain.
- iii. Porridge and milk is my mother's newly found comfort food.

Q8. Rewrite these sentences using as....as or not as...as:

i.This bar of chocolate is chewy; just like that peanut bar.

ii.You are tall ,but I am taller.

iii.The water is hot today but it was hotter yesterday.

iv.The weather has not changed much now from morning.it is still hot and humid.

Q9. Choose the correct option:

i.Govind _____ the tickets to the concert well in advance so we didn't worry about missing it. (had bought/had been buying)

ii.We _____ to the same restaurant for fifteen years so we were sad when it closed.
(had been going/had gone)

iii.I _____ to my teacher now. (am talking / talk)

iv.Jai is _____ American by birth. (a/an/the)

iii.Can you please deliver _____ parcels I left in the yard to the customer(some/none/these)

iv.They have _____ followers on Instagram. (a lot of /what /those)

v.Tina has made _____ progress in school and is unhappy. (any/half/little)

vi. _____ away the newspaper, I looked at the main gate. (knowing /putting/teaching)

vii. _____ no money, I could not pay the bill.(having/carrying/looking)

viii.Arun _____ football at the moment.(plays/is playing/will play)

ix. My friend noticed Madhu _____ the child in her arms. (carrying/having/putting)

x. Tina has made _____ progress in school and is unhappy. (little /half/ this)

xi. I love photography. I _____ (will buy /am buying) a digital camera next month.

xii.She goes to _____ university in Pune.(a/an/the)

Q10. Complete the sentence with Past Perfect form of the verbs:

i.The restaurant _____ (close) by the time we reached the place.

ii.My friend,Rani _____ already _____ (watch) the film before we met.

iii.Amita _____ (read)all the Enid Blyton novels by the time he was fifteen years old.

iv I _____ (play) since I was eight years old.

v. All the passengers _____ the station before the train arrived . (reach)

Q11.Complete these sentences with Present Perfect form of the verbs:

i.You _____ (have) that dress for more than twenty years !How do you preserve it so well?

ii.I _____ (want)to be an actor for as long as I can remember.

iii.I _____ (play) tennis since I was eight years old.

Q12. Fill in the blank with Gerund form of verb. Use a correct Preposition:

i.She is afraid _____ (lose) her best friend.

ii.My cousin dreams _____ (become) a film star.

iii. Are you interested _____ (build) a career as an artist?

iv. We had difficulty _____ (find) the way to the temple.

Q13. Complete the sentence with Present Perfect Continuous form of the verbs:

i. She _____ television for one hour. But now she is doing her homework. (watch)

ii. The players _____ for the last one month and will continue to practice till the tournament begins next week. (practice)

iii. He _____ everywhere for his glasses, and he cannot find them anywhere. (search)

Q14. Rearrange the words and frame a proper sentence.

i. different/good for/languages/personal /learning /development/is

ii. painters /tomorrow /will/the /complete/in/move job /and/the/ can /we

iii. had /been /for/they /the/ house/weeks/painting

Q15. Identify the noun clause.

i. I will never forget what happened on our way to picnic.

ii. Mr. Kumar mentioned that he'd be late for the meeting.

iii. I know that the city has its attractions.

Q16. Complete the sentence with to - infinitive form of verb :

i. The poor student didn't have money _____ books. (buy/to buy/buying)

ii. Shamita will be ready _____ her project to the teacher. (present)

iii. The software engineer has managed _____ my laptop. (repair)

vi. Tina was happy _____ the final round of the competition. (play)

Q 17. Complete the sentence with Simple Present Tense.

i. The dog _____ the cat all around the house. (chase)

ii. My grandfather _____ 10 miles a day for forty years. (walk)

Q.18. Complete these sentences with Future Perfect form of the verbs:

i. The team _____ the assignment next week. (complete)

ii. My parents _____ 400 km before they reach the foothills. (drive)

Q.19 Underline the determiner and mention its kind.

i. The second house from left is mine.

ii. Which one of these dogs bark?

iii. I saw three enormous rocks on the hill.

*****Read the passage carefully and answer the questions .**

The Value of Small Changes

Many people believe that only big actions can bring about meaningful changes. However, small changes made regularly can also have a powerful effect. For example, switching off unnecessary

lights, carrying a reusable water bottle, or avoiding food wastage may seem like simple actions. When many people follow these habits, they can help protect the environment.

Small changes can also improve our personal lives. A student who reads ten pages every day may finish several books in a year. Similarly, spending a few minutes each day organising schoolwork can prevent last-minute stress. The secret is not to make a huge change overnight but to develop useful habits gradually.

Of course, making a new habit is not always easy. People may forget or lose interest after a few days. This is why consistency is important. A person should focus on progress rather than perfection. Even if a habit is missed one day, it is better to begin again instead of giving up completely.

In the end, our daily choices shape our future. A small positive action repeated many times can become a habit, and a good habit can eventually make a significant difference.

1. What is the main idea of the passage?

- a) Only big actions can create change.
- b) Small and regular actions can create meaningful changes.
- c) Students should read books every day.
- d) People should avoid making new habits.

2. Which of the following is mentioned as an environmental-friendly action?

- a) Buying more clothes
- b) Using more electricity
- c) Carrying a reusable water bottle
- d) Reading more books

3. How can organising school work help students?

- a) It helps them avoid last-minute stress.
- b) It gives them more holidays.
- c) It makes their homework disappear.
- d) It reduces the number of subjects.

4. What does the word “gradually” mean in the passage?

- a) Suddenly
- b) Slowly over a period of time
- c) Carelessly
- d) Unwillingly

5. Why is consistency important when developing a habit?

- a) Habits are formed through regular practice.
- b) It makes people perfect immediately.
- c) It prevents people from trying anything new.
- d) It makes difficult tasks disappear.

6. What should a person do if they miss following a habit for one day?

- a) Give up completely.
- b) Blame someone else.
- c) Start again.
- d) Avoid the habit forever.

7. What does the phrase “progress rather than perfection” suggest?

- a) We should never make mistakes.
- b) Improvement is more important than being perfect.
- c) We should stop trying when something is difficult.
- d) We should always compare ourselves with others.

8. Which statement is TRUE according to the passage?

- a) Small actions are never useful.
- b) Good habits can influence our future.
- c) New habits are always easy to develop.
- d) One missed day means a habit has failed.