

VASISHTHA GENESIS SCHOOL, BARDOLI
(Academic Session: 2026-27)

Date: _____ **Class:** 4 **Div:** A / B / C **Roll No:** _____ **Sub:** S.S
Name: _____ **Worksheet:** 3 (Term-1 End Exam)

Revision Worksheet
Ch-4 Plateaus of India

Q1. Answer the following questions by selecting the correct option:

1. The Peninsular Plateau is also known as the _____ Plateau.
(a) Northern (b) Southern (c) Eastern (d) Coastal
2. Which river originates from the Amarkantak Hills?
(a) Ganga (b) Godavari (c) Narmada (d) Kaveri
3. Which plateau is called the “storehouse of minerals”?
(a) Deccan Plateau (b) Malwa Plateau
(c) Chhota Nagpur Plateau (d) Meghalaya Plateau
4. Which is the longest river of the Deccan Plateau?
(a) Godavari (b) Narmada (c) Chambal (d) Tapi
5. Which state is the leading producer of tobacco in India?
(a) Karnataka (b) Andhra Pradesh (c) Kerala (d) Tamil Nadu
6. Which classical dance belongs to Andhra Pradesh?
(a) Bharatanatyam (b) Kuchipudi (c) Yakshagana (d) Tamasha
7. Which festival is especially important in Tamil Nadu?
(a) Pongal (b) Onam (c) Ugadi (d) Dussehra

Q2. Fill in the blanks:

1. A plateau is a _____ land having steep slopes and a flat top.
2. The Peninsular Plateau is _____ in shape.
3. The Central Highlands consist of the Malwa Plateau and the _____ Plateau.
4. The _____ River is the longest river of the Deccan Plateau.
5. _____ is the main festival of the north-western region.
6. The Gond and Baiga tribes are indigenous people of _____ India.
7. _____ is the main food crop of Kerala.
8. The Peninsular Plateau is important for both agriculture and _____.

Ch-11 Indian Industries

Q1. Answer the following questions by selecting the correct option:

1. What is the process of converting raw materials into useful products called?
(a) Transportation (b) Manufacturing (c) Marketing (d) Trading
2. Which of the following is a raw material for the petroleum industry?
(a) Cotton (b) Tea leaves (c) Crude oil (d) Iron
3. Which industry is usually set up by people in their homes?
(a) Large-scale industry (b) Small-scale industry
(c) Cottage industry (d) Automobile industry
4. Which type of industry uses huge machines and employs thousands of workers?
(a) Cottage industry (b) Small-scale industry
(c) Large-scale industry (d) Home industry

5. Which of these is an example of a cottage industry?
 (a) Shipbuilding (b) Weaving baskets
 (c) Oil refining (d) Automobile manufacturing
6. Which city is known as the "Silicon Valley of India"?
 (a) Mumbai (b) Bengaluru (c) Jaipur (d) Surat
7. Which industry is one of the oldest industries in India?
 (a) Electronic industry (b) Textile industry
 (c) Automobile industry (d) IT industry
8. Which industry is located in places such as Kochi, Visakhapatnam and Mumbai?
 (a) Shipbuilding industry (b) Paper industry
 (c) Sugar industry (d) Cement industry

Q2. Fill in the Blanks:

1. We need _____ to run machines and light factories.
2. Many industries such as jute and cotton textiles require _____.
3. An industry converts _____ into finished goods.
4. _____ is required to bring raw materials to factories.
5. A _____ industry is set up by people in their homes.
6. A small-scale industry uses _____ machines.
7. The first cotton mill, the "Bombay Spinning Mills", was established in _____.

Ch. 14 Community and Public places

Q1. Answer the following questions by selecting the correct option:

1. Who takes care of sick or injured people?
 (a) Police officers (b) Doctors and nurses (c) Postmen (d) Garbage collectors
2. Who helps to keep our neighbourhood safe?
 (a) Police officers (b) Shopkeepers (c) Gardeners (d) Bus drivers
3. What do firefighters do?
 (a) Deliver letters (b) Put out fires and rescue people
 (c) Collect garbage (d) Sell goods
4. Which place is used to buy things like food and clothes?
 (a) Hospital (b) Police station (c) Market (d) Fire station
5. Who collects and carries away waste?
 (a) Garbage collectors (b) Doctors (c) Police officers (d) Teachers
6. Which place helps people get urgent medical help?
 (a) Market (b) Hospital (c) Park (d) School
7. Which festival is mentioned as a tree-planting festival?
 (a) Diwali (b) Van Mahotsav (c) Holi (d) Christmas

Q2. Fill in the Blanks:

1. A _____ is a group of people who live, work and play in the same area.
2. _____ take care of patients and help them get better.
3. _____ help keep our neighbourhoods safe.
4. Firefighters are always ready to help during _____.
5. A _____ is used to carry water and equipment to put out fires.
6. An _____ is used to transport sick or injured people to hospitals.
7. Police officers make sure people follow the _____.

Ch-16 our History

Q1. Answer the following questions by selecting the correct option:

1. History tells us about:
(a) The future (b) The past (c) The weather (d) Animals
2. Which of these is an archaeological source?
(a) Poems (b) Coins (c) Stories (d) Songs
3. Old coins tell us about:
(a) Kings and trade (b) Modern transport (c) Weather (d) Space
4. Which of these is a literary source?
(a) Coins (b) Monuments (c) Manuscripts (d) Tools
5. Religious texts tell us about:
(a) People's beliefs and religious lives (b) Modern inventions
(c) Traffic rules (d) Sports
6. Archaeologists study clues left behind by:
(a) Future people (b) People who lived long ago
(c) Animals only (d) Scientists today
7. Early humans lived mainly in:
(a) Skyscrapers (b) Forests and caves (c) Modern cities (d) Factories

Q2. Fill in the Blanks:

1. History tells us about the _____.
2. _____ are written records that tell us about the past.
3. Books and manuscripts are examples of _____ sources.
4. _____ study clues left behind by people who lived long ago.
5. Early humans lived in forests and _____.
6. Early humans hunted animals and gathered _____.
7. Early humans learned to grow _____.
8. The _____ made travel easier for people.

(Case Study) Read the below given text and answer the questions that follow:

One morning, Riya visited a textile factory with her parents. She saw many workers busy doing different jobs. Some workers were operating machines to make cloth, while others were checking the quality of the fabric. Some workers were packing the finished clothes into boxes. Riya learned that industries use raw materials to make useful products. The textile industry uses materials such as cotton, wool, and silk to make clothes. She also understood that industries provide jobs to many people and help in the growth of the economy. Riya was happy to learn how the clothes we wear are made. She understood that industries are an important part of our daily lives and decided to use products wisely and avoid wasting them.

Q1. Where did Riya go with her parents?

Ans- _____

Q2. What do industries use to make useful products?

Ans- _____

Q3. Name two raw materials used in the textile industry.

Ans- _____

Q4. What were the workers doing in the factory?

Ans- _____

Q5. Why are industries important for people?

Ans- _____

Define the following:

Q1. What is literary sources?

Ans- _____

Q2. What is small scale industry?

Ans- _____

Q3. What is a plateau?

Ans- _____

Q4. What is a public place?

Ans- _____

Q5. What is artefacts?

Ans- _____

