



SHREE VASISHTHA VIDHYALAYA

Maths Worksheet 2026-27

Name: _____

Std. III - _____

Roll No. _____

Worksheet No: - PA2-04

Date: - _____

Ch- 3 Subtraction

Q-1 Fill in the blanks.

- 1) _____ is the opposite of addition.
- 2) In a subtraction sum, the bigger number is called the _____.
- 3) In a subtraction sum, the number to be subtracted is called the _____.
- 4) In a subtraction sum, the answer we get after subtraction is called the _____.
- 5) Minuend – Subtrahend = _____

Q-2 Solve the following.

1) Th H T O

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 8 \\ - 3 \quad 7 \quad 4 \quad 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2) Th H T O

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \quad 8 \quad 3 \quad 4 \\ - 2 \quad 3 \quad 5 \quad 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

3) Th H T O

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 6 \\ - 1 \quad 3 \quad 5 \quad 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Q-3 Solve the following.

- 1) There are 4595 students in a school. If 2187 students are girls , how many boys are there in the school ?

2) The sum of two number is 8369. If one number is 4527. Find the second number.

Q-4 Fill in the blanks using subtraction property.

1) $55 - 0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2) $937 - 937 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3) $800 - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 0$

4) $829 - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 829$

Q-5 Work out the following mentally.

1) $85 - 5 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

2) $52 - 12 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

3) $500 - 300 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

4) $6000 - 3000 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

5) 10 less than 971 = $\boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

6) 100 less than 4568 = $\boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

7) $80 - 30 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

8) $399 - 100 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

Q-6 Table.

1) $6 \times \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} = 30$

8) $5 \times 6 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

2) $12 \times 7 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

9) $\boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \times 7 = 28$

3) $\boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \times 5 = 35$

10) $10 \times \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} = 70$

4) $9 \times \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} = 27$

11) $3 \times 6 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

5) $8 \times 6 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

12) $\boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \times 9 = 18$

6) $\boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \times 8 = 88$

13) $7 \times \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} = 63$

7) $9 \times \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} = 72$

14) $11 \times 9 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$