

VASISHTHA GENESIS SCHOOL, BARDOLI.

Name: _____

Roll No. _____

Class: 8 Div: _____

Subject: Social Science Revision worksheet

Date: _____

Chapter 5 : Universal Franchise and India's Electoral System (Civics)

Section A: Multiple Choice Questions

1. Which body conducts free and fair elections in India? c) Election Commission of India
a) Parliament b) Supreme Court c) Election Commission of India d) Prime Minister
2. The Chief Election Commissioner is appointed by the: b) President of India
a) Prime Minister b) President of India c) Chief Justice of India d) Governor
3. Which machine records votes electronically? b) EVM
a) ATM b) EVM c) Computer d) Calculator
4. VVPAT stands for: a) Voter Verified Paper Audit Trail
a) Voter Verified Paper Audit Trail
b) Voter Verification Paper Authority Tool
c) Voting Verification Public Audit Team
d) Verified Voting Paper Account Trail
5. Members of the Lok Sabha are elected through: b) Direct election
a) Indirect election b) Direct election c) Nomination d) Selection
6. The Rajya Sabha is also known as the: a) Upper House
a) Upper House b) Lower House c) State Cabinet d) People's Court
7. Which officer manages the voter list? b) Electoral Registration Officer (ERO)
a) Returning Officer (RO) b) Electoral Registration Officer (ERO) c) District Magistrate d) Collector
8. The Model Code of Conduct comes into force during: b) Elections
a) Festivals b) Elections c) Census d) Budget Session

Section B: Fill in the Blanks

1. India is the world's largest democracy.
2. Elections to the Lok Sabha are held every five years.

3. Voting is done through Electronic Voting Machines (EVMs).
4. The VVPAT shows a paper slip of the vote cast.
5. The Election Commission of India was established on 25 January 1950.
6. Members of the Rajya Sabha are elected through indirect elections.

Section C: Assertion and Reason

Choose the correct option:

- A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion.
- B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion.
- C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false.
- D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true.

1. Assertion: EVMs help conduct elections efficiently. Answer: A

Reason: They record votes electronically.

2. Assertion: The Rajya Sabha can never be dissolved. Answer: A

Reason: One-third of its members retire every two years.

3. Assertion: The Model Code of Conduct encourages bribing voters. Answer: D

Reason: Giving gifts to influence voters is prohibited.

4. Assertion: The Election Commission ensures free and fair elections. Answer: A

Reason: It prepares electoral rolls, conducts polling, and declares results.

Section D: Case-Based Questions

The Election Commission of India conducts elections at regular intervals. It prepares voter lists, sets up polling stations, deploys polling staff, uses EVMs and VVPATs, and ensures that elections are free, fair, and transparent.

Answer the following:

1. Name the body responsible for conducting elections in India. Answer: Election Commission of India (ECI)
2. What is the purpose of VVPAT? Answer: It provides a paper slip showing the vote cast, allowing voters to verify their vote.
3. Name one responsibility of the Election Commission. Answer: Preparing electoral rolls.
4. Why are EVMs used in elections? Answer: EVMs are used to record votes electronically and conduct voting efficiently.

E. Locate the following on the political map of India:

1. Mark New Delhi and label it as the Headquarters of the Election Commission of India (ECI). Answer: New Delhi
2. Locate and label your State Capital.

3. States with high Lok Sabha representation. Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, West Bengal and Bihar — Answer: Mark and label these four states.

4. State with the highest number of Lok Sabha seats. Answer: Uttar Pradesh

