



6

Adjectives

THINK



Collaboration



Communication

Work in pairs and conduct the conversation twice. You and your partner will take turns to ask the questions.

Q: How are you bringing the snacks for the party?

A: I am bringing them in a/an big box.

Q: What kind of snacks are you bringing?

A: I am bringing healthy snacks.

Q: How many people will be there?

A: There will be twenty people.



LEARN

Words that give tell us more about nouns are called **adjectives**.

- Uncle Joe is a **talented** cook.
- He is also a very **funny** man.

The adjectives in these sentences give us a better idea about the person we are talking about.



PRACTISE

A. Choose the correct adjectives to complete this paragraph on India.

hot

three

high

second

one

many

In the North of India, there are high mountains called the Himalayas. In the West, one finds the Thar, a hot desert. The flag

of India has three bands and one wheel. India has many languages and cultures. It is the second country after the US to have the largest English-speaking population.

LEARN

Adjectives can describe different things about nouns.

- beautiful, terrible, smart, green, big, round

These adjectives tell us something about the nature of nouns. They are called **adjectives of quality**.

- many, much, some, enough, little

These tell us how much of a noun is being talked about. They are called **adjectives of quantity**.

- one, ten, million

These tell us the exact number of something. They are called **adjectives of number**.

- third, seventeenth, hundredth

These tell us the exact position of something. They are also called **adjectives of number**.



PRACTISE

- B. Look closely at the adjectives you used in Exercise A. Place them in the correct boxes below.



nature	how much	number	position
high	many	three	second
hot		one	

- C. Tick (✓) the suitable adjectives for the underlined nouns.



- I like the round/many bag.
- This comic character has high/many fans.



3. We have two/second exams left after tomorrow.

4. A whale is a tall/huge animal.

5. Myra bought a pair of tall/blue sandals.

6. Siddharth got the one/first position in class.

7. Lopa had little/small trouble carrying the suitcase.

8. I like your pink/fast jacket.

9. Kiara had seven/seventh chocolates.

10. Add some/much salt to taste.

11. One has to cross the narrow/thin bridge to go to the other side.

12. She submitted the report on the twelve/twelfth day of the month.

D. Make this paragraph more interesting by adding an adjective to each sentence.

There are flowers in a vase. The vase is on the table. A cat is sleeping next to the vase. A bird is eating grains from the bowl kept on the windowsill. A girl, Radha, is sitting at the table doing her homework.



There are three colourful flowers in a beautiful vase. The beautiful vase is on the round table. A

white cat is sleeping next to the beautiful vase. A little bird is eating some grains from the earthen bowl kept on the second windowsill.

A pretty girl, Radha, is sitting at the wooden table doing her homework.

Choose any four adjectives you have used and mention their types.

colourful, beautiful, round, white, little, earthen,
pretty, wooden - nature

three - number

Some - how much
second - position

REMEMBER

- An adjective usually comes before the noun it describes.
For example: I have a green umbrella.
- Sometimes, an adjective does not come before a noun it describes, but follows a verb that comes after the noun.
For example: The cartoon was funny.

E. Circle the adjectives in the sentences. Underline the nouns they describe.



1. The cake is (delicious).
2. The painting is (beautiful).
3. Mohit's kitten is (cute).
4. Gracy seems (sad).
5. My sister's voice is (melodious).
6. Grandma's pickles are (yummy) and (tangy).
7. The building is (huge).
8. Mother's laptop is (expensive).
9. My hands are (dirty).
10. The (pink) frock is (smooth) and (silky).

F. Rewrite the sentences by changing the position of the adjectives.



1. The children are cute. They are dancing.

The cute children are dancing.

2. The baby was tired. It fell asleep.

The tired baby fell asleep.

3. We went to the amusement park. It was new.

We went to the new amusement park.

4. The dress was beautiful, so I bought it.

I bought the beautiful dress.

5. Our television was old. It stopped working.

Our old television stopped working.

6. Kriti attended the concert. It was grand.

Kirti attended the grand concert.

7. We gifted father a watch. It was expensive.

We gifted father an expensive watch.

8. The friends watched a movie. It was funny.

The friends watched a funny movie.

PLAY



Critical Thinking



Creative Thinking

You will be assigned a secret classmate by your teacher.

Write a short paragraph describing her/him. Your teacher will read out each description in class. The class will have to identify who is being described.

